Water and **Environment Support**

in the ENI Southern Neighbourhood region



Understanding better microplastics and identifying how to address the issue

Module 2: Political frameworks to address microplastics.
Primary microplastics: pellet loss and intentionally added microplastics in products

24th May 2022



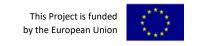


Recap from Module 1 (12th May 2022)



- "plastic particles smaller than 5 mm"
- Primary and secondary microplastics
- Overview of microplastics monitoring approaches & knowledge gaps and research needs
- Effects of microplastics
- Few actions specifically on microplastic by beneficiary countries





Introduction Modules 2 and 3: Measures on microplastics



- Primary microplastics:
 - Intentionally added: in cosmetics, detergents, paints, etc.
 - Unintententionally released:
 - ✓ Pellets, flakes and powder
 - √ from tyres, textiles, etc.
- Secondary microplastics:
 - Those resulting from the fragmentation of larger plastics already released in the environment.

Module 2

Module 3



Estimation of amounts, measures and their effects, views and position from different stakeholders





Overview Module 2



PART 1

Political frameworks addressing microplastics: focus on Barcelona Convention and EU

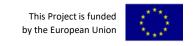
PART 2: FOCUS ON "PELLET LOSS"

- Introduction: State of the art and potential measures
- A regulatory supply-chain approach to pellet pollution and documented pellet loss events
- Operation Clean Sweep

PART 3 "INTENTIONALLY ADDED" MICROPLASTICS

- Introduction: State of the art and potential measures
- Responses from civil society organization: the case of Beat the Microbead
- Position from the cosmetic industry: the case of the Spanish association on perfumes and cosmetics





https://www.theguardian.com/environment/2018/nov/13/the-plastic-backlash-whats-behind-our-sudden-rage-and-will-it-make-a-difference



it's in our household products, coffee cups, teabags and
clothing – but it seems to have escaped our ability to catch it.

The long read

The plastic backlash: what's behind our sudden rage – and will it make a difference?

Decades after it became part of the fabric of our lives, a worldwide revolt against plastic is under way. By Stephen Buranyi



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Political frameworks addressing microplastics: focus on Barcelona Convention and EU

Pedro Fernández WES NKE (MedWaves)







The global political framework





- United Nations Environmental Assembly (UNEA)
 Resolutions on (i) marine plastic litter and microplastics
 (UNEP/EA.1/Res.6; UNEP/EA.2/Res.11; UNEP/EA.3/Res.7;
 UNEP/EA.4/Res.6)
- UNEA 5.2: Resolution established an Intergovernmental
 Negotiating Committee (INC) with a mandate to negotiate a
 legally binding global agreement to address plastic pollution
 with the objective of reducing discharge of plastics into the
 environment by covering all stages of the plastic life cycle and by
 adopting a circular economy approach to plastics.





Basel Convention

Plastic Waste Partnership (PWP) to improve and promote the environmentally sound management (ESM) of plastic waste



The regional political frameworks



established

UfM secretariat

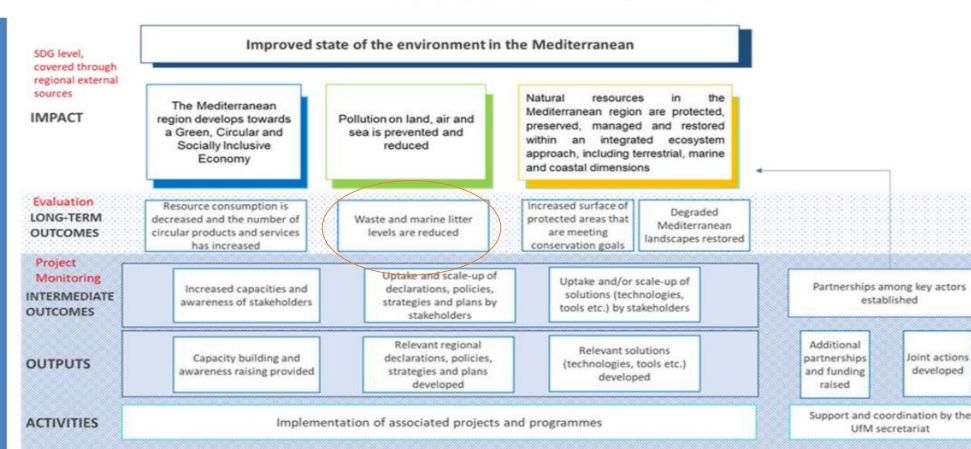
Joint actions

developed



- 2nd UfM Ministerial Meeting on Environment and Climate Action
- The UfM's 2030 GreenerMed Agenda

2030GreenerMed THEORY OF CHANGE



The regional political frameworks







- COP22 (December 2021, Antalya)
- Programme of Work (PoW) 2021-2022
- Regional Guidelines on measures to phase out Single-Use Plastic items
- Upgraded Regional Plan for Marine Litter Management in the Mediterranean

- Enhancement on measures to address plastics through a circular Economy (prevention of secondary microplastics)
- Specific provisions on microplastics (Article 9):

Regulate the use of **primary microplastics**, as appropriate, by promoting voluntary commitments (e.g. certification schemes) or other actions (e.g. legal instruments);

Establish procedures and manufacturing methodologies together with the plastic industry in order to minimize the decomposition characteristics of plastic and reduce **microplastic**;





Integrated Monitoring and Assessment Programme of the Mediterranean Sea and Coast (IMAP)



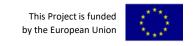
EO 10 Marine litter

 Common Indicator 23: Trends in the amount of litter in the water column including microplastics and on the seafloor



Contracting Parties and Secretariat to collaborate in monitoring and assessments





The EU framework









Various Directives addressing plastic pollution: MSFD, SUPs Directive, Packaging and packaging waste Directive, etc.





Zero Pollution Action Plan





Key 2030 targets to speed up reducing pollution at source include:

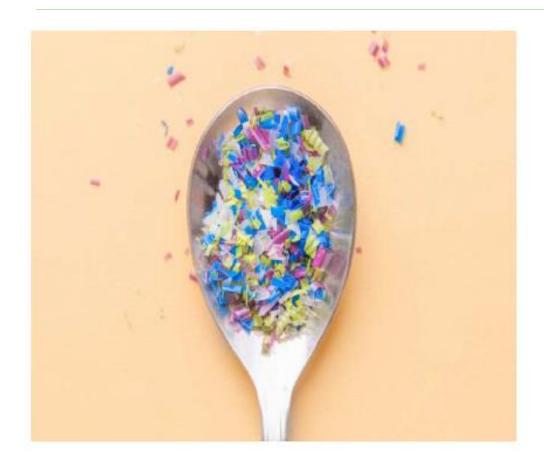
- Improving water quality by reducing:
- plastic litter at sea by 50%
- and microplastics released into the environment by 30%





EU Strategy for Plastics in a Circular Economy





Address the presence of microplastics in the environment:

- Restrict intentionally added MPL and tackle pellets
- Develop labelling, standardisation, certification and regulatory measures on unintentionally released MPL
- Further develop and harmonise methods to measure unintentionally released MPL
- Close the gaps in scientific knowledge





Ongoing developments



Module 2

Cosmetics, detergents, paints, etc.: REACH
Restriction

Plastic pellets: REACH requirements; OCS industry initiative; IA study on possible measures

Microplastics in water: Science related to risk & occurrence; Legislation: water & marine

Tyre abrasion: Revision of Tyre Labelling Regulation; Standard on tyre abrasion; IA study on possible measures

Synthetic textiles: Standard on measuring microplastics release; IA study on possible measures





Country level: specific examples



- France: Decree no. 2017-291 of March 6, 2017 relating to the conditions for implementing the ban on the marketing of rinse-off cosmetic products for exfoliation or cleansing containing solid plastic particles and cotton swabs for domestic use including the stem is plastic
- Spain: Law 7/2022, of 8th April, on wastes and polluted soils for a circular economy.
 - Bans the introduction in the market of intentionally added plastics microbeads
 5 mm, with the details and exemptions to be approved under European
 REACH Regulation (i.e. pellets production and commercialization)







