

CLIMATE CHANGE

CONNECTING ECONOMICS WITH SUSTAINABILITY...



- globale warming under 2°C, ideally ≈1,5°C compared to preindustrial level
- Decarbonization until 2050..2100, elimination of all green house gas emissions until 2070
- CO₂-budget of ≈ 150 to 1050 Gigatons CO₂-Emissions

"The OECD estimates that, globally, EUR **6.35 trillion** a year will be required to meet **Paris Agreement** goals by **2030**. Public sector resources will not be adequate to meet this challenge, and mobilisation of institutional and private capital will be necessary."

European Taxonomy, 2020





CIRCULAR ECONOMY WITH EPEA

History of EPEA

1987

Founding date of EPEA by Prof. Dr. Michael Braungart in Hamburg



2009

Cradle to Cradle Workshop with Ellen Mac Arthur about Circular Economy.





2008-2012 Global growth of the EPEA network



PART OF DREES & SOMMER

2019

Prof. Dr. Michael Braungart und Drees & Sommer drive Cradle to Cradle® together

FUTURE



2001

Book:

"Cradle to Cradle" – Remaking the Way We Make Things "

2010

The Cradle to Cradle
Products Innovation
Institute receives the license
for certification.



2013

EPEA und Drees & Sommer start cooperation for Cradle to Cradle

DREES & SOMMER

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Architect Masters in Sustainable Urbanism













Professional education and career

| Since 2019 | EPEA – Part of Drees & Sommer, Head of Real Estate Benelux & Fr |
|-------------|---|
| Since 2017: | Drees & Sommer Belgium, Project Partner |
| 2015 - 2019 | Building Integrated Greenhouses – Founder / Associate Partner |
| 2014 - 2018 | Implementation Center for Circular Economy – Director |
| 2011 – 2018 | Lateral Thinking Factory – Founder / Associate Partner |
| 2007 – 2009 | Urbanaccion – Associate Partner |
| 2006 – 2011 | Ecosistema urbano, Madrid –Business Development Director |
| 2004 - 2007 | DEA Urbanism ETSAM Madrid |
| 2003 – 2006 | Nodo17 – Project Manager |
| 1997 – 2002 | Architect by ISAVH Bruxelles |
| Expertise | |

- Cradle to Cradle / Circular Economy / Urban Agriculture
- Embodied Carbon / Urban Mining
- Building Material Passeport / Madaster / TOTEM
- Innovation / New Business Model

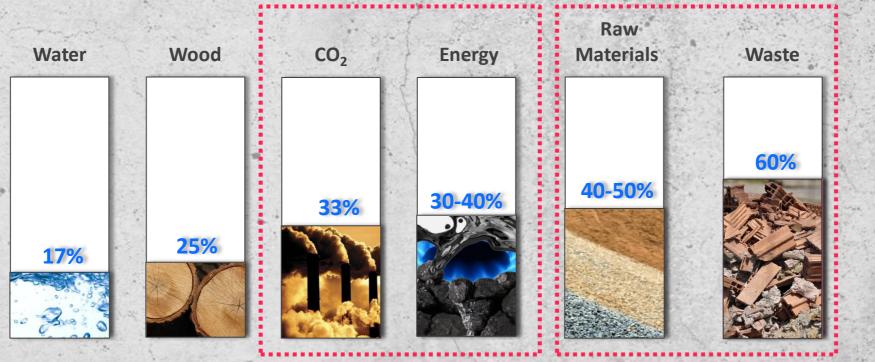
Projects (Excerpt)

- Luxembourg 's Pavillon at Expo 2020 Dubaï (2.500m²), Dubaï (UAE).
- C2C Bizz Pilot Project « La maison des projets », Lille (FR) (LTF reference).
- Vinci new national HeadQuarter, (64000 m²), Nanterre (FR).
- Sogeprom new national Headquarter (15.000 m²), Paris (FR).
- ZIN, Flemish Government new offices, mixused project (110.000 m²), Brussels (BE).
- Entrée de Ville, appartments and mix use offices (35.000 m²), Differdange (LUX).

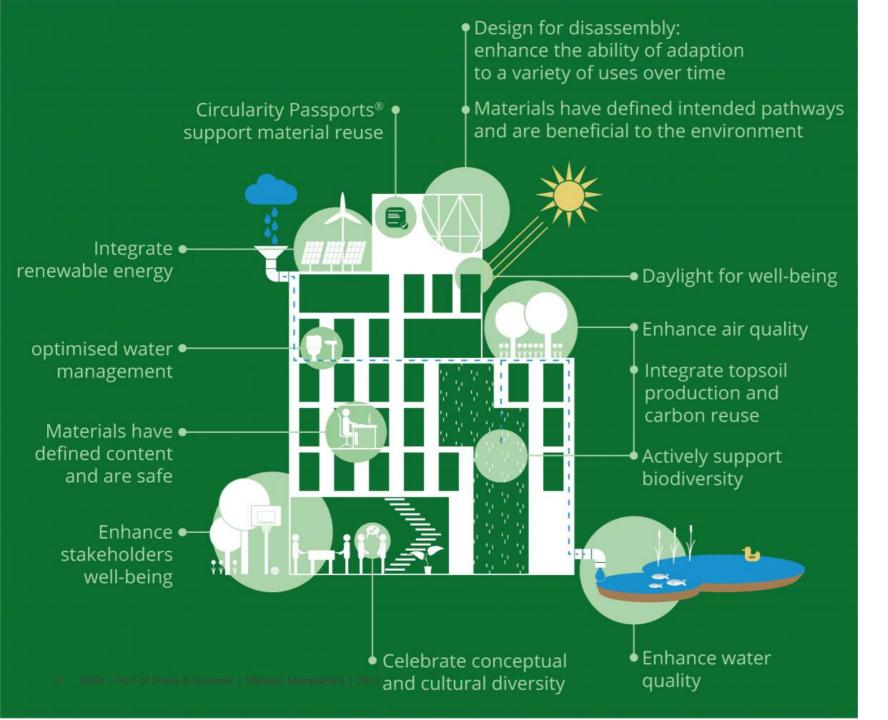


THE CONSTRUCTION SECTORS CONTRIBUTION

Climate Change Resource and Material Problem! Problem!



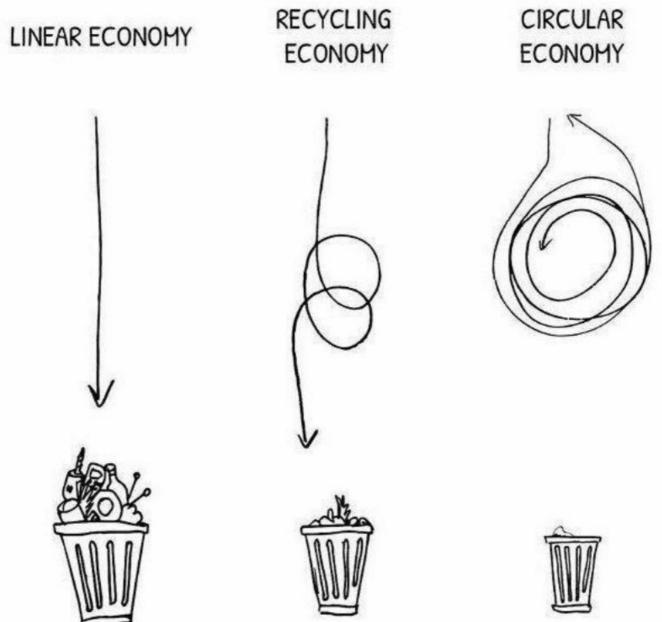
Source: UNEP, Statistisches Bundesamt Defra and Government, Statistical Service (2019)



CRADLE TO CRADLE IN THE BUILDING ENVIRONMENT

Design a Positive Footprint.

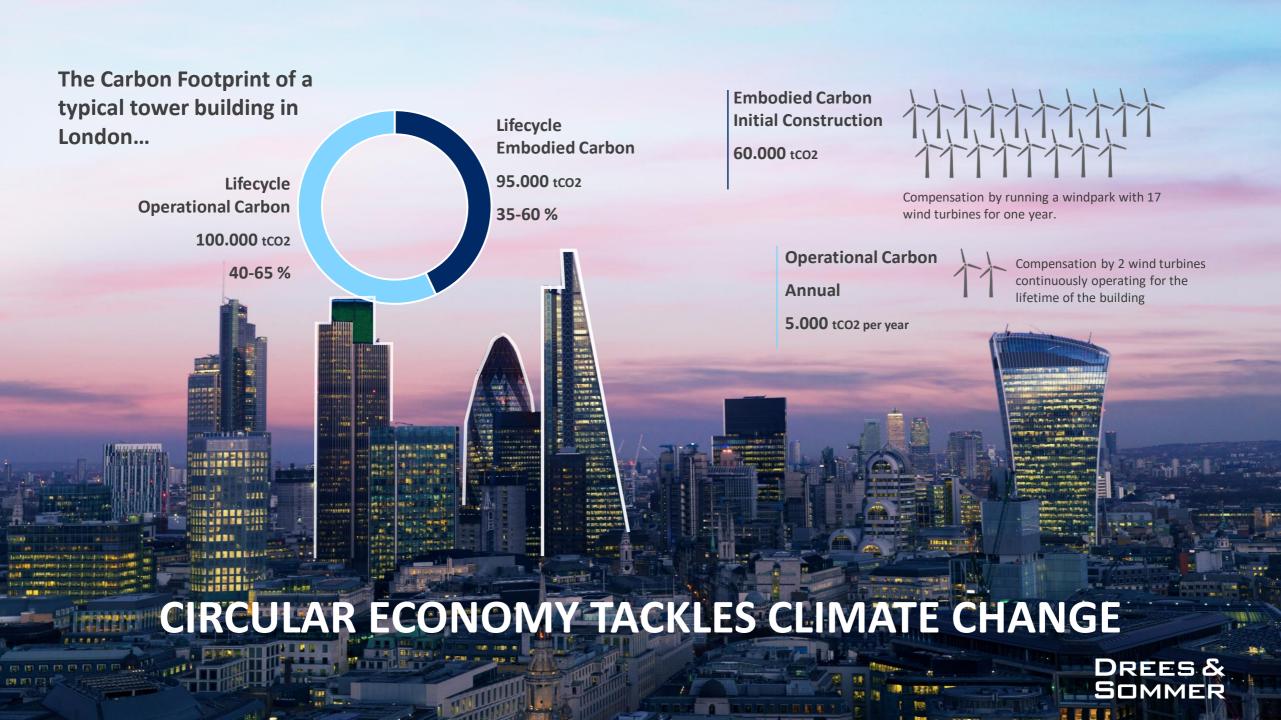








DREES & SOMMER



Cradle to Cradle® combines three essential future topics in one engineering task and thus creates real estate with long-term value.

Easily detachable joining techniques are the prerequisite for practical implementation.

Recyclability
Separability
according to type

Circular

Engineering

Healthy

No pollutants

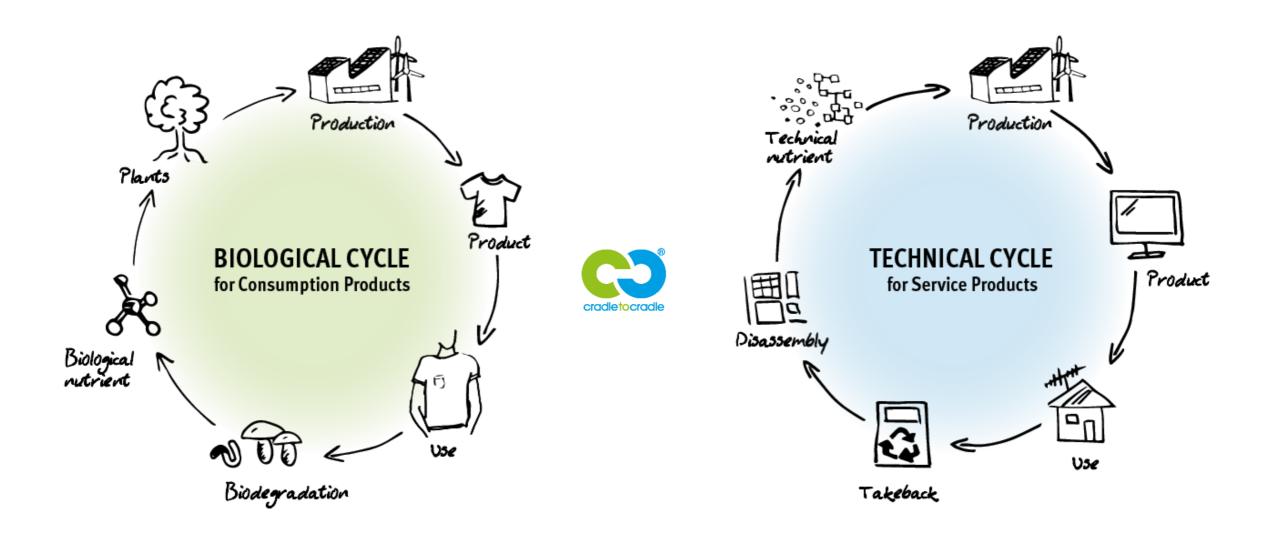
High-quality recycling requires largely pollutant-free material components, otherwise inferior secondary raw materials are produced.

Flexibility

Demountability

This in turn results in greater flexibility, as individual components can be dismantled and replaced separately.



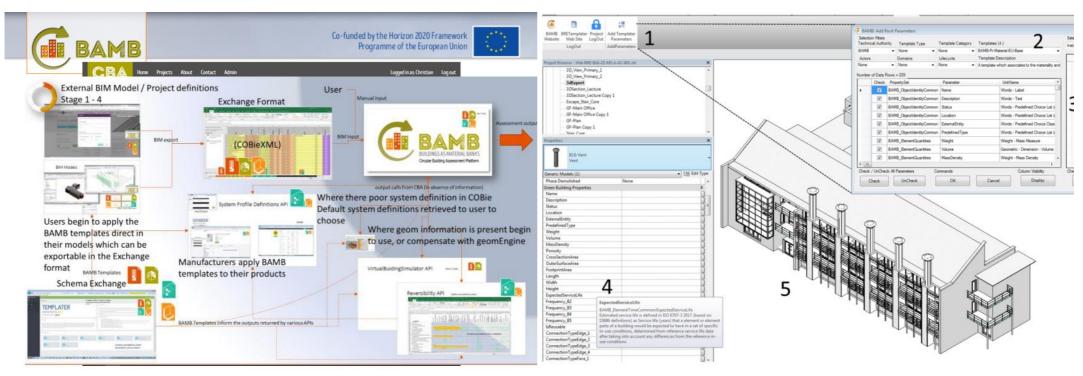




BUILDING AS MATERIAL BANKS (BAMB H2020)

The EU project for circular buildings







BUILDING CIRCULARITY PASSPORT

A comprehensive tool to measure circularity

Health according to Cradle to Cradle®

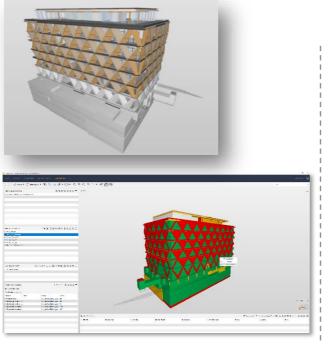


Demountability

Separability of materials

Recyclability of products

Available raw material assets







DESIGN

TENDER

CONSTRUCTION

OPERATION

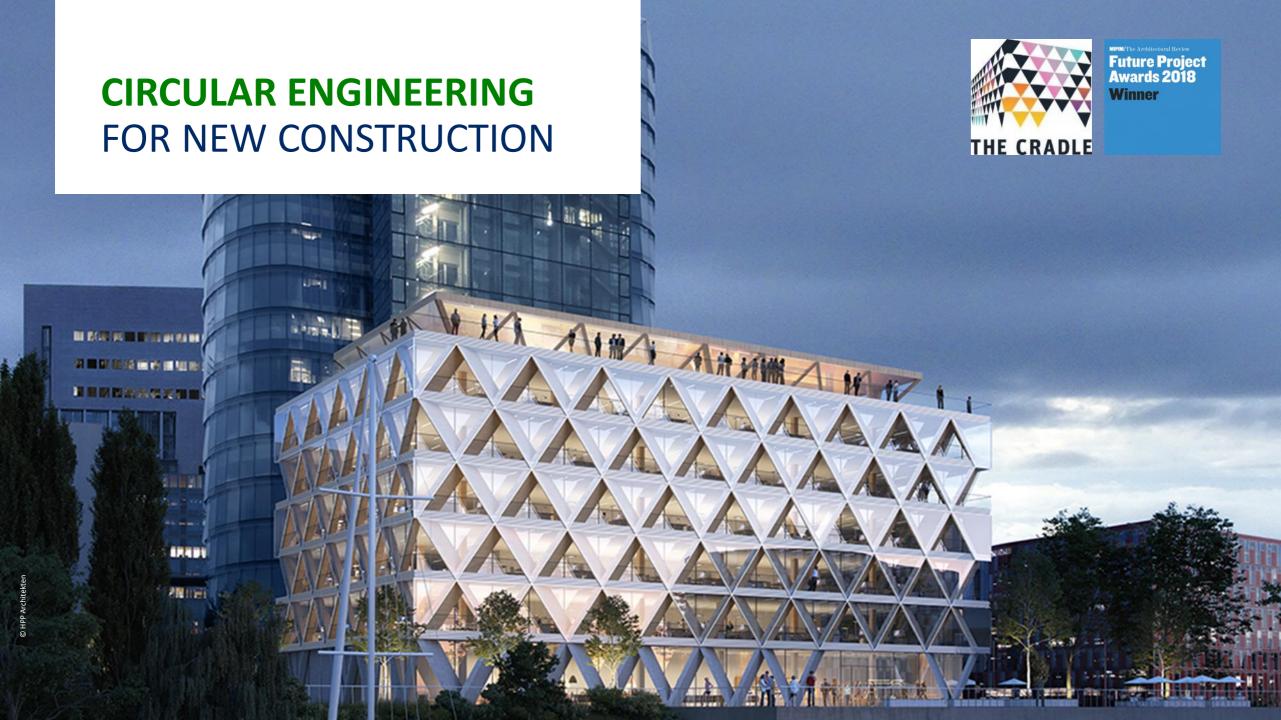
DESIGN OPTIMIZATION WITH GENERIC INFORMATION

MATERIAL ! **SPECIFICATION**

MONITORING AND DOCUMENTATION WITH PRODUCT SPECIFIC INFORMATION

SHARE DATA MATERIAL BANK









WTC -> ZIN



SUSTAINABLE BUILDINGS-TODAY AND IN THE FUTURE





BELGIAN MARKET

GRO sustainable framwork by 2020 (used in public buildings)

By 2040/2050 all buildings will have a passport and will be reversible

No more demolition waste!





Op weg naar toekomstgerichte bouwprojecten

Gebruikershandleiding - versie 2020



REFURBISHMENT OF WTC 1&2, BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

Befimmo is launching the renovation of the 110,000 m² of WTC 1 & 2 towers in order to introduce diversity in the North district of Brussels. Selective demolition is underway in the first phase of construction to promote the reuse of finishing materials, while a C2C project is expected to be created by 2023.

110.000 m² / 2019 - 2023 / Befimmo

Drees & Sommer services

- Integration of circular economy specifications for the design team's tendering phases
- Identification of available materials and solutions and collaboration with companies to provide innovative solutions
- Demolition support according to C2C
- Implementation of the Material Passport
- Proposal for efficient ecosystems





CIRCULARITY AS AN ENGINE FOR INNOVATION

Circularity is a very important aspect of the ZIN project. The existing building will be kept to a maximum. The underground floors and traffic cores will be preserved. The elements that will be demolished will be given a new life. Overall, more than 95% of all existing materials and equipment will be recovered or recycled.

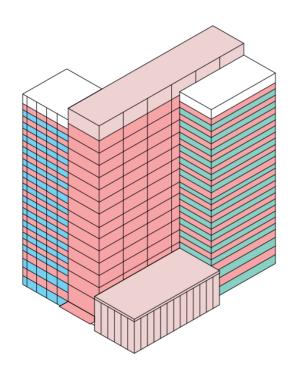
Circular thinking is not only based on recovery and certification, it is also based on a very long-term perspective for the building. ZIN is therefore not only focused on today's needs, but can also be adapted in the future to meet tomorrow's needs.

Main topics

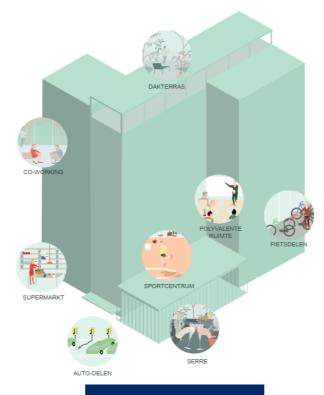
- Urban Mining with C2C Mindset
- Upcycling
- Material Passport
- Build for Disassembly Design



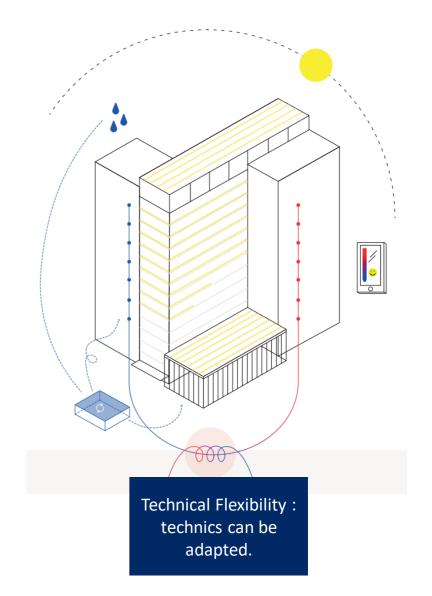
ZIN – FLEXIBILITY & ADAPTABILITY



Physical Flexibility: building elements can be adapted.

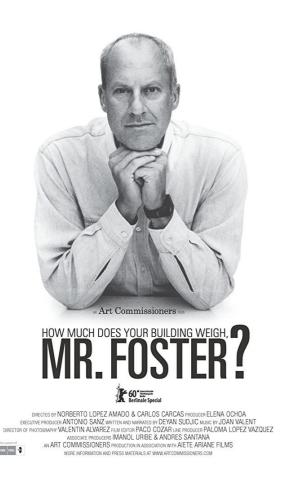


Functionnal Flexibility: space can be adapted.





ZIN - URBAN MINING STRATEGY

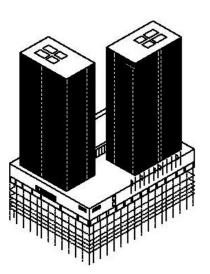


275.000 Tons of materials 120

SOMMER

ZIN - URBAN MINING STRATEGY

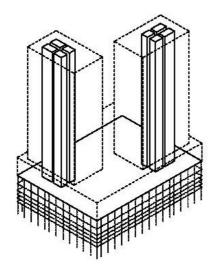
1972



Moeroppervlak: 170 000 m² Gewicht: 275 000 T

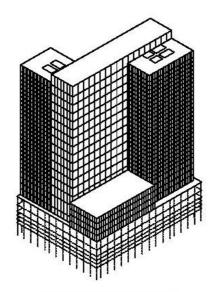
Nieuw: 275 000 T 400 000 T Grond: Afval: 41 000 T

2020



Behouden: 193 000 T Gerecycleerd ter plaatse: 15 000 T 52 000 T Gerecycleerd elders: 15 000 T Afval:

Geen vernietiging van groene ruimte



Vloeroppervlak: 170 000 m² Gewicht: 315 000 T

107 000 T Nieuw: Behouden delen: 193 000 T Gerecycleerd ter plaatse:15 000 T Afval: 7 512 T Grond: OT







Savings in **Demolition** cost (2,5 %)



ZIN – MATERIAL FLOWS















INDUSTRIAL TAKE BACK LOOPS: CONCRETE

Sorting properly demolition waste on site, in order to be able and ensure highquality recycling

Concrete Upcycling to be reused as structural material in future buildings









Recycled concrete aggregates are typically used for low-quality applications (road constructions). Using it for structural purpose is not common and need several audits and test to have bank insurance today.

High-Quality concrete with high recycled content is locally produced and reused on site, controlled and safe for the next use.







INDUSTRIAL TAKE BACK LOOPS: FLOAT GLASS

Glass out of demolition waste is recycled for bottles purpose.

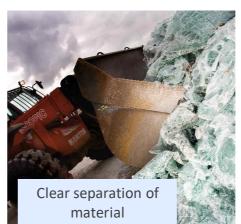


Reuse the glass in interior or upcycle it into a new glass can be a challenge.









Reusing pure float glass waste (not polluted) generates savings in carbon, energy and raw materials. Industrial process is cheaper and environmental more efficient.

Façade elements and glass panels performance are changing quickly, and usually are tailor made for a project. Reuse those materials are not possible, unless it has been designed in such a way.





INDUSTRIAL TAKE BACK LOOPS: MINERAL CEILINGS

Sorting properly demolition waste on site, in order to define the right recycling loop and process

Industry requirement for remanufacturing process

Recycling rules since 2000 as production date.









Existing tiles made of mineral wool are difficult to be reused after several years of use, they are perfect for upcycling, when they have been fabricated no later than 2000, because they are biosoluble.

New products are fabricated out of raw materials, with the industrial performance and the Manufacturer guaranty. Compliance with regulation and environmental performance will always confirmed.

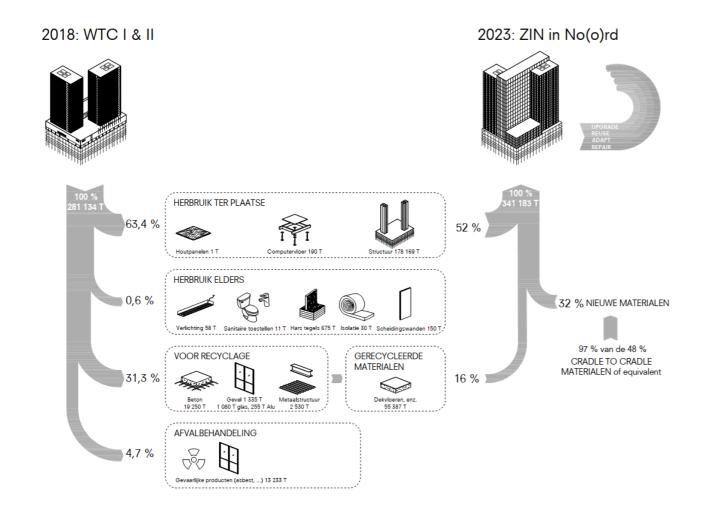




CRADLE TO CRADLE **PRODUCTS**

Resource:

ZIN – MATERIAL FLOWS



News

Building for Tomorrow with Cradle to Cradle Certified®: Belgium's Project ZIN by Befimmo



ZIN – FOCUS URBAN MINING

1.646 ton (0,6% of total weight) to be reused on site and on others / 710 tons have been evacuated / 70.000 Tons of materials will be upcycled (concrete, flatglass, aluminimium) for reuse on site after manufacturing.



Insulation (20.000 m2), 66 ton



Carpet Tiles (6.800m2), 41 ton



Partition wood panels (40.000m2), 475 ton



Mineral Tiles (35.000m2), 78 ton



Stone Tiles (1.800m2), 123 ton



Roof Tiles (4.975m2), 636 ton



Raised Floors (6.800m2), 240 ton



Wood Panels (2.860 stucks), 36 ton



Flatglass (14.000m2), 577 ton



Furnitures 59 Tonnes



ZIN – FOCUS URBAN MINING

1.646 tons of materials to be reused on site and other locations

















Une telle entreprise demande une stratégie itérative entre données Au travers d'une étude de flux, la brutes collectées sur le terrain et Commune de Wiltz souhaite prises de position sur des projets connaître les données sur les pilotes pressentis par les acteurs. matières entrantes et sortantes sur son territoire. L'objectif est de Deux voies ont été suivies : qualifier les ressources disponibles l'analyse exhaustive d'un « pixel »

Au travers de la mise en œuvre de ces pilotes, la Commune de Wiltz souhaite diminuer les déchets et augmenter la qualité des ressources localement.

et de pouvoir élaborer des projets

pilotes faisant un meilleur usage de

Identifier les premiers flux et portion de territoire sur base des informations

du territoire, et le suivi d'une

ressource clairement identifiée à

haut potentiel. Ces données ont

permit d'étudier la faisabilité

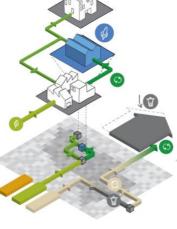
technique et financière de certains

projets pilotes, tout en générant

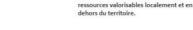
une dynamique locale autour de



Mesurer et quantifier les ressources de manière exhaustive



Optimiser des ressources localement afin de créer de la valeur ajoutée.





Ces ressources ont été divisées en deux catégories suivant leur source: les données issues des entreprises de la ZA Salzbaach et les données fournies par la Commune de Wiltz et les Services Nationaux. Ceci a permis de traiter des entrants et sortants très différents et de trouver des ponts entre les deux structures de l'information.

Les données fournies par les entreprises sont traitées manière anonymes, et recommandations peuvent déjà être proposées individuellement.

Déterminer les impacts des projets mis en œuvre par la Commune de Wiltz, qu'ils soient liés ou non aux projets identifiés dans le cadre de l'économie circulaire, et le vrai défi de cette étude. C'est ce que se donne comme objectif l'outil Excel proposé dans le cadre de cette étude.

Il serait également possible de prédire l'impact de projets futurs, comme le développement d'un nouveau quartier au centre de Wiltz, et ceci via l'approche proposée.

La combinaison de l'optimisation ponctuelle de la gestion des flux entrants et sortants, des projets pilotes et des réseaux locaux qui seront impactés favorablement par ces nouveaux dispositifs urbains, permettra à terme d'augmenter la qualité des ressources entrantes (être plus exigeant en amont) pour maximiser les boucles locales, et in fine augmenter la qualité des ressources sortantes dans le but de les valoriser financièrement ou de

les mettre à dispositions d'autres

acteurs.

Circular Flow study, Wiltz, Luxemburg

Wiltz has commissioned a study for Pilot projects, based on a Flow study in the industrial area. In addition, basic flows from the Municipality have been investigated.

-m² / 2018-2019 / Municipality of Wiltz

EPEA / Drees & Sommer services :

- Flow Study
- Roadmap
- Tools

DREES & SOMMER

ces projets.

ces ressources.







Ampere e+, Nanterre, France

Construction of the new headquarters of SOGEPROM, a Société Générale subsidiary dedicated to real estate development, over a surface area of 15,000 m² at La Défense. The e+building will showcase the company's innovative know-how and enhance the quality of office promotion for the entire group.

14.500 m² / 2016 – 2017 / sogeprom

EPEA / Drees & Sommer services :

- C2C Audit
- Identification of available C2C materials and work with companies to provide innovative solutions
- Proposal of efficient ecosystems
- Creation of a Material Passport detailing the products and materials used









Office building in Essen, Germany.

The development agency Kölbl Kruse 13 GmbH & Co. KG has developed a new office complex on behalf of RAG Montan Immobilien (RAG MI) on the former Zollverein mining site, near the current offices. The new building is developed under the motto "the greenest building in the world" and the philosophy "Back to basics - Compose without high technology". This building is one of the pilot projects of the European BAMB approach.

10.000 m² / 2015 – 2018 / Kruse 13 GmbH & Co.KG

EPEA / Drees & Sommer services :

- Engineering in Circular Economy, in accordance with the Cradle to Cradle philosophy
- DGNB certification (German standard)
- Design carried out with a view to energy efficiency
- Technical equipment of buildings
- Architectural physics, BE structures, BE facades
- Setting up a Material Passport



